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**REQUIRED BOOKS NURSING II**

Nursing II Kit Equipment kit of nursing supplies required for Nursing II students. This kit is only available at the college bookstore.

Kaplan Nursing Kaplan Access Card. Available only in the college bookstore, Card along with paid receipt must be shown to instructor on first day of classes. This will allow for online secure access to Kaplan homepage which provides study skills workshops, practice tests, secured tests, test results, remediation resources and NCLEX-RN® prep materials.

Brunner Medical Surgical 12th Edition, 2010, Lippincott

Suddarth

**BOOKS USED IN NURSING I (NUR 101)**

Ackley, Betty & Nursing Diagnosis Handbook - A Guide to Planning Care,

Ladwig, Gail 2011, 9th Edition, Mosby

Cherry, Jacob Contemporary Nursing, 5th Edition, 2011, Mosby

Craven, Hirnle Fundamentals of Nursing, Issues, Trends & Management 6th Edition, 2009, Lippincott

Daniels, Joanne & Clinical Calculations: A Unified Approach, 2006, 5th Edition, Delmar

Smith, Loretta

Deglin & Vallerand Med Deck 12th Edition, F.A Davis

Deglin & Vallerand Davis’s Drug Guide for Nurses 12th Edition, 2011, Davis

Dudek Nutrition Essentials for Nursing Practice, 6th Edition, 2010, Lippincott

Smith, Duell, Martin Clinical Nursing Skills: Basic to Advanced Skills, 8th Edition, 2012, Prentice Hall

Taber’s Taber’s Cyclopedic Medical Dictionary, 21st Edition, Davis

Van Leeuwen Davis’s Comprehensive Handbook of Lab & Diagnostic Test w/Nursing Implications,

4th Edition, 2011, F.A. Davis

Varcarolis Foundations of Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing, 6th Edition, 2010, Saunders

**OPTIONAL BOOKS**

Lehne,Hamilton, Moore & Pharmacology for Nursing Care, 7th Edition, Saunders

Crosby

LeFever Kee, Paulank & Polek Fluids & Electrolytes w/Clinical Applications, 8th Edition, 2010, Delmar

Doeneges, Moorhouse, Murr Nurse’s Care Plan 7th Edition, FA Davis (ISBN 0-8036-1294-x)

Test Success: Test Taking Techniques for Beginning Nursing Students, F.A. Davis

How to Survive & Even Love Nursing School, 3rd Edition, 2008, F.A. Davis

Updated 12/12/11

**ARTICLES**

Refer to periodicals for pertinent supplementary articles.

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Week 1 (1/16/12)

PERSPECTIVES OF MEDICAL-SURGICAL NURSING

GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE MIDDLE ADULT

**Readings**

Brunner Chapters 1 (basic concepts in nursing), 3 (critical thinking, ethical decision and nursing process), 4 (health education and health promotion), 6 (homeostasis, stress and adaptation) 7 (pgs. 96-98), 8 (transcultural nursing) 10 (chronic illness and disability)

Daniels & Smith Chapter 10 (IV meds): p. 146-175

Craven Chapters 50 (stress and adaptation)

Dudek Chapters 16 p. 385-388

Varcarolis Chapter 11 (stress) Chapter 12 (anxiety)

Ackley & Ladwig Refer to appropriate nursing diagnosis related to content area

Davis’ Drug Guide Refer to appropriate drugs related to content area

Davis’ Guide to Lab Refer to appropriate diagnostic tests related to content area

& Diagnostic Tests

**Objectives**

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

1. describe the scope of medical-surgical nursing practice.

2. differentiate between health promotion and prevention of illness.

3. discuss major concepts underlying Erikson and Maslow theories of personality development (review from Nursing I).

4. differentiate between stress and stressor as it relates to the hospitalized client (Nursing I).

5. define anxiety (Nursing I).

6. identify developmental stages of adulthood.

7. identify the health needs and concerns of each adult age group.

8. identify defense/coping mechanisms used by hospitalized clients (Nursing I).

9. explain multiple aspects of chronic diseases.

10. demonstrate the nursing process with rationale to plan client care.

11. demonstrate the administration of a primary intravenous to a client.

12. demonstrate previously learned clinical skills.

13. calculate the flow rate of an intravenous infusion for a client.

**College Laboratory** Laboratory readings are on weekly lab guide.

Ch. 11 (rehabilitation) Ch. 12 (\*previous material from nsg-review)

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OUTLINE

I. Baseline data (Week 1)

A. Medical/surgical nursing practice

1. Role of nursing profession

2. Levels of care

a. Chronic illness

b. Acute care

c. Ambulatory care

d. Home health care

3. Health promotion - promoting healthy life style

4. Stress, stressors and stress management

5. Cultural diversity

B. Developmental factors related to health promotion

1. Theories of young and middle adulthood

2. Developmental stages of young and middle adulthood

II. Nursing process (Week 1)

A. Assessment: data collection

1. Impact of illness on client

2. Reaction to illness

a. Selye's general adaptation syndrome

b. Stress response

c. Levels of anxiety

3. Needs assessment of a client with anxiety

B. Data analysis: common nursing diagnosis

1. Anxiety R/T threat to self-concept

C. Expected outcomes R/T nursing diagnosis

D. Nursing interventions/rationale R/T care of client with anxiety based on assessments

E. Evaluation

III. Quality and Safety Initiatives in the Health Care Setting

A. IOM

B. QSEN

C. Joint Commission

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Week 2 (1/23/12)

II. ALTERATION IN FLUID AND ELECTROLYTES

NEEDS OF THE CLIENT WITH FLUID AND ELECTROLYTE IMBALANCE AND ACID-BASE DISORDERS

**Readings**

Fluid and Electrolytes Chapter 14

Davis’s Guide to Lab Electrolyte values

& Diagnostic Tests

Daniels & Smith Chapter 11

Dudek Chapter 6

Craven, Hirnle Chapter 37

**Objectives**

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

1. differentiate between osmosis, diffusion, filtration, and active transport.

2. describe the role of the kidneys, lungs, and endocrine glands in regulating the body’s fluid composition and volume.

3. identify the effects of aging on fluid and electrolyte regulation. Differentiate the types of electrolyte fluids.

4. plan effective care of patients with the following imbalances: fluid volume deficit and fluid volume excess; sodium deficit (hyponatremia) and sodium excess hypernatremia); potassium deficit (hyperkalemia) and potassium excess (hyperkalemia)

5. describe the cause, clinical manifestations, management, and nursing interventions for the following imbalances: calcium deficit (hypocalcemia) and calcium excess (hypercalcemia); magnesium deficit (hypomagnesemia) and magnesium excess (hypermagnesemia); phosphorus deficit (hypophosphatemia) and phosphorus excess (hyperphosphatemia); chloride deficit (hypochloremia) and chloride excess (hyperchloremia).

6. explain the roles of the lungs, kidneys, and chemical buffers in maintaining acid base balance.

7. compare metabolic acidosis and alkalosis with regard to causes, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, and management.

8. compare respiratory acidosis and alkalosis with regard to causes, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, and management.

9. interpret arterial blood gas measurements.

10. calculate flow rate of intravenous medications.

11. document essential information related to intravenous therapy.

12. perform selected nursing interventions to promote fluid and electrolyte balance.

**College Laboratory** Laboratory readings are on weekly lab guide.

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OUTLINE

I. Baseline data

A. Water, electrolytes

B. Body fluid compartments

C. Organs of Homeostasis

D. Regulation of fluid/electrolyte balance

1. Movement of electrolytes and water

2. Electrolytes

3. Fluids: tonicity

E. Fluid/electrolyte imbalances

F. Acid-base balance

1. Metabolic acidosis/alkalosis

2. Respiratory acidosis/alkalosis

II. Nursing process

A. Assessment: data collection

1. Diagnostic tests

2. Needs assessment of a client with fluid and electrolyte imbalance

3. Needs assessment of a client with acid-base imbalance

B. Data analysis: common nursing diagnoses

1. Deficient fluid volume R/T diuretic therapy; inadequate fluid intake

2. Excess fluid volume R/T increased sodium intake

C. Expected outcomes R/T nursing diagnosis

D. Nursing interventions/rationale R/T care of client with fluid and electrolyte and acid-base imbalances based on assessments

1. Pharmacological management

2. Diet management

E. Evaluation