

Sig Figs

P

decimal
is
present

45 2 SFs
② ①

450 2 SFs
② ①

A

decimal
is
absent

① Once you hit a #
between 1-9, you start
Counting

② Do not stop counting until
the end of the #.

P 4.53 3 SFs A

① ② ③

4058 4 SFs

4 3 2 ①

40580 4 SFs

4 3 2 1

450. 3 SFs

1 2 3

450.0 4 SFs

1 2 3 4

③ The decimal only tells
which side to start at.

. 003580

P

0.003580 4 SFs
1 2 3 4

0.003580 < 1

A

First # must be between
1 and 9 for scientific
notation.

~~3.580~~ × ~~10~~⁻³ 4 sig figs
place holders

$$1.072 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$-x < 1$$

$$1.072 \times 10^3$$

$$x > 1$$

$$1.072 \times 10^0$$

$$10^0 = 1$$

$$3.273 \times 10^{-2}$$

0.03273

3.273 EE
EXP $\begin{matrix} - & 2 \\ 2 & - \end{matrix}$
 $\times 10$ $\begin{matrix} (-) \\ (-/+) \end{matrix}$

$$4.735 \times 10^4$$

4 7 3 5 0

4.735 EE 4
Exp

$$4.756 \times 10^{12}$$

4.756 EE 12
EXP

4.756 12

4.756 ^{X10} E 12

.001 kg	.001 KL	.001 km
1 g	1 L	1 m
10 dg	10 dL	10 dm
100 cg	100 cL	100 cm
1000 mg	1000 mL	1000 mm
$1 \times 10^6 \mu\text{g}$	$1 \times 10^6 \mu\text{L}$	$1 \times 10^6 \mu\text{m}$
	↑ micro	
$1 \times 10^9 \text{ ng}$	$1 \times 10^9 \text{ nL}$	$1 \times 10^9 \text{ nm}$
	↑	
$1 \times 10^{12} \text{ pg}$	$1 \times 10^{12} \text{ pL}$	$1 \times 10^{12} \text{ pm}$
	nano ↑ pico	

1. A

"^③given"

$$\frac{2.37 \text{ g} \times 1000 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ g}} = 2370^{\text{③}} \text{ mg}$$

Changing from metric
to metric will always give
you the correct # of sig.
figs.

13

$$\frac{357 \cancel{\text{cL}} \times 1 \text{ L}}{100 \cancel{\text{cL}}} = 3.57 \text{ L}$$

IF $5.4 \times 10^{\textcircled{-3}} \text{ mL} \rightarrow \text{cL}$

prefixes

$$\frac{5.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mL} \times 1 \cancel{\text{L}} \times 100 \text{ cL}}{1000 \cancel{\text{mL}} \times 1 \cancel{\text{L}}} =$$

$$5.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cL}$$

$$.00054 \text{ cL}$$

$$\star \frac{5.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mL} \times 100 \text{ cL}}{1 \text{ mL}} =$$

$$\star \frac{5.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mL} \times \text{kL}}{1000 \text{ mL}} =$$

$$G \quad 8.324 \times 10^{12} \text{ nm} \xrightarrow{3} \text{ Km}$$

$$\frac{8.324 \times 10^{12} \text{ nm} \times 1 \text{ m} \times .001 \text{ Km}}{1 \times 10^9 \text{ nm} \times 1 \text{ m}} =$$
$$8.324 \text{ Km}$$

Sig figs ∞

references (book)

$$454\text{g} = 1\text{lb}$$

$$1\text{m} = 1000\text{mm}$$

π

counting

1. I .05 kg $\xrightarrow{g}$ mg

$$\frac{0.05 \text{ kg} \times 1 \text{ g} \times 1000 \text{ mg}}{.001 \text{ kg} \times 1 \text{ g}} =$$

$$50000 \text{ mg} \quad 5 \times 10^4 \text{ mg}$$

$$\cancel{5000 \text{ mg}}$$

1 c. $2.0 \text{ m} \rightarrow 1 \text{ nm}$

$$\frac{2.0 \text{ m} \times (1 \times 10^9 \text{ nm})}{1 \text{ m}} =$$

$$2.0 \times 10^9 \text{ nm}$$

2. a 9.5 gal $\xrightarrow{\text{volume}}$ mL
 $\uparrow$ english $\uparrow$ metric

✓ 4 qt = 1 gal

✓ 1 qt = 946 mL

$$\frac{9.5 \cancel{\text{gal}} \times 4 \cancel{\text{qt}} \times 946 \text{ mL}}{1 \cancel{\text{gal}} \times 1 \cancel{\text{qt}}} =$$

35948 mL 36000 mL ~~36 mL~~

3.5948 $\times 10^4$ mL

3.6×10^4 mL

english

metric

Volume

1 qt

=

946 ml

mass

1 lb

=

454 g

length (~~m~~)

1 in =

2.54 cm

2 B. $0.0513 \text{ g} \rightarrow \text{lbs}$

$$454 \text{ g} = 1 \text{ lb}$$

$$\frac{0.0513 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ lbs}}{454 \text{ g}} = \boxed{1.129955} \times 10^{-4}$$

$$0.000112996$$

$$\boxed{1.12996} \times 10^{-4}$$

$$1.13 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lbs}$$

2 C 450. mm $\rightarrow$ yards

✓ 1000 mm = 1 m

✓ 1 m = 100 cm

✓ 2.54 cm = 1 in

✓ 12 in = 1 ft

✓ 3 ft = 1 yd

Quiz

① Sig Figs

② metric to metric